

Shock absorber

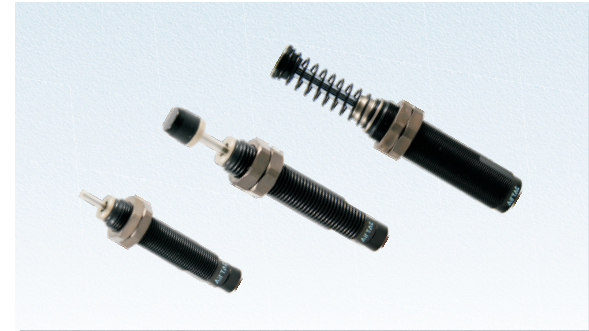


ACA, ACJ Series

Specification

Model	Stroke (mm)	Max. energy absorbed(Nm)	Max. energy absorbed/hour (Nm/h)	Max. effective mass(kg)		Max. impact speed(m/s)		Weight (g)
				High speed	Low speed	High speed	Low speed	
ACA0806	6	3	5400	5	25	4	2	12
ACA1007	7	6	14500	10	50	4	2	26
ACA1210	10	10	30000	18	80	4	2	40
ACA1412	12	20	36000	35	160	4	2	70
ACA2020	20	60	50000	240	960	4	2	175
ACA2040	40	80	65000	320	1280	4	2	225
ACA2525	25	100	75000	400	1600	4	2	290
ACA2550	50	150	85000	600	2400	4	2	370
ACA2725	25	140	85000	560	2240	4	2	372
ACA2750	50	250	95000	1000	4000	4	2	475
ACA3325	25	180	100000	720	2880	4	2	596
ACA3350	50	300	120000	1200	4800	4	2	750
ACA3625	25	220	135000	880	2500	4	2	702
ACA3650	50	350	150000	1400	5600	4	2	889

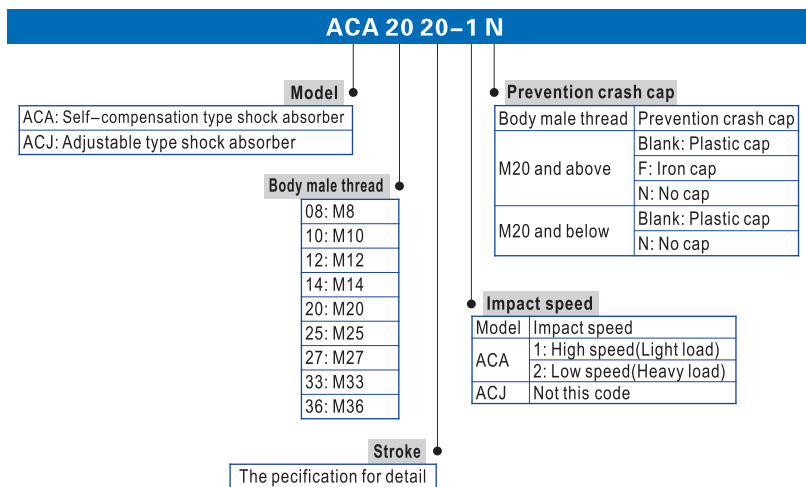
Model	Stroke (mm)	Max. energy absorbed(Nm)	Max. energy absorbed/hour (Nm/h)	Max. effective mass(kg)		Max. impact speed(m/s)		Weight (g)
				High speed	Low speed	High speed	Low speed	
ACJ1007	7	6	14500	50		4		28
ACJ1210	10	10	30000	80		4		43
ACJ1412	12	20	36000	160		4		75
ACJ2020	20	60	50000	960		4		189
ACJ2525	25	100	75000	1600		4		308
ACJ2550	50	150	85000	2400		4		395
ACJ2725	25	140	85000	2240		4		396
ACJ2750	50	250	95000	4000		4		510
ACJ3325	25	180	100000	2880		4		540
ACJ3350	50	300	110000	4800		4		800
ACJ3625	25	220	125000	2500		4		750
ACJ3650	50	350	130000	5600		4		950
ACJ4225	25	350	150000	5600		4		1150
ACJ4250	50	700	180000	11200		4		1420
ACJ4275	75	1050	210000	16800		4		1720



Product feature

1. Excellent and stable deceleration and shock absorbing; if impacted by load, the resistance will automatically adjust.
2. Outer body of integrated structure is treated by QPQ, which has optimum corrosion and wear resistance and can withstand high pressure; it is easy to install and adjust for all threaded outer body which has good heat dissipation.
3. With high hardness stainless steel shaft, the shock absorber has better impact and corrosion resistance, and it can work under adverse conditions.
4. Special oiling process leads to stable shock absorbing.
5. Compact structure and high max. absorbed energy.
6. We use Special lubricants as buffer medium, which adapts to wide temperature range and ensures stable cushioning.

Ordering code



Shock absorber

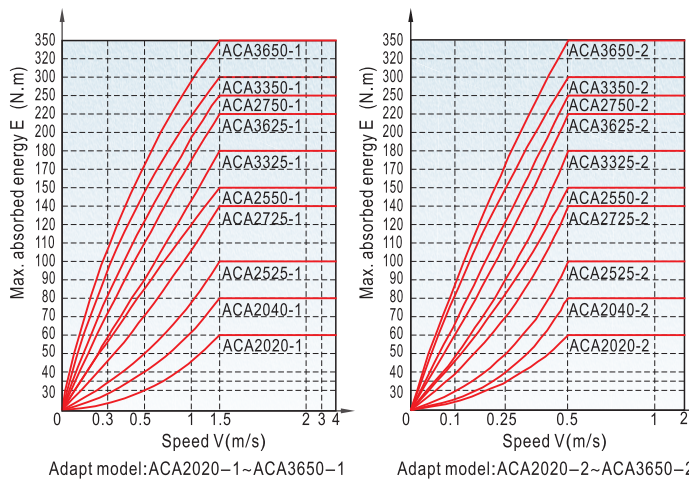
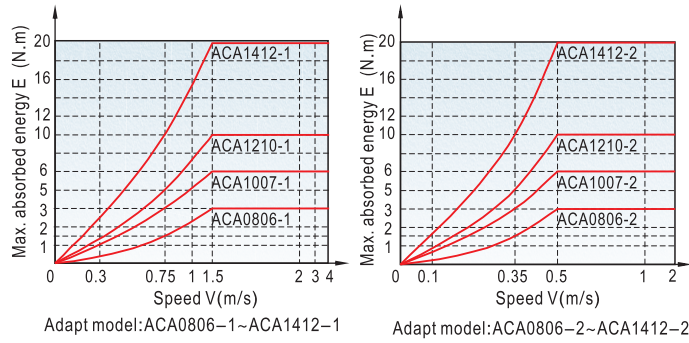


Shock absorber



ACA, ACJ Series

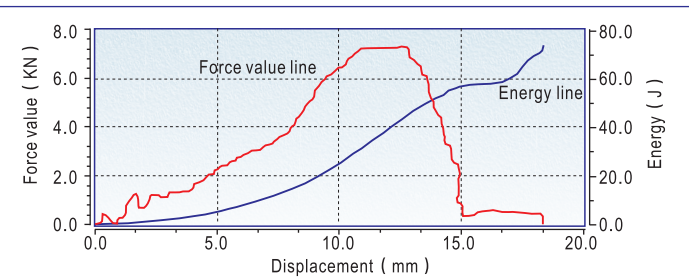
Max. absorbed energy and speed curve



Note:

1. The interval under the red line shows the energy range absorbed by corresponding shock absorber.
2. It is better to use 20%-80% of the Max. absorbed energy.

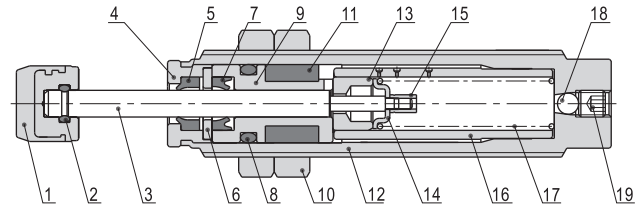
Buffer curve



Note: As the chart shows, energy is absorbed by a lower reaction force at the beginning of the stroke, then by a smooth linear deceleration. It decelerates smoothly at last.

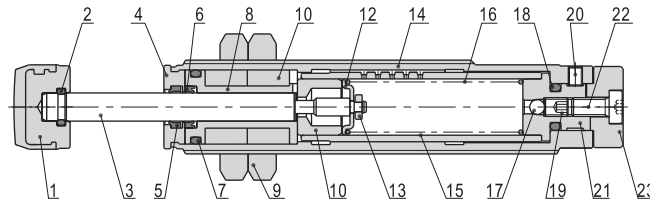
Inner structure and material of major parts

ACA



No.	Item	Material
1	Bump cap	PA66(M8)\TPU(M10~M14)\TPU or S45C(M20~M42)
2	O-ring	NBR
3	Piston rod	Stainless steel(M8~M27)\S45C (M33~M42)
4	Front cover	Brass (M8)\ Cutting steel (Others)
5	Front cover gasket	NBR
6	Washer	Spring steel
7	Front cover gasket	NBR
8	O-ring	NBR
9	Correcting body	Brass
10	Nut	SS41
11	Accumulator	Foamex
12	Body	Cutting steel
13	Piston	Brass
14	Spring serat	Spring steel
15	Copper bush	Copper
16	Inlet body	No (M8)\Cutting steel (M10~M14)\Seamless steel tube(M20~M42)
17	Spring	SWPB
18	Steel ball	Gcr15
19	Set screw	Low alloy steel

ACJ



No.	Item	Material
1	Bump cap	PA66(M8)\TPU(M10~M14)\TPU or S45C(M20~M42)
2	O-ring	NBR
3	Piston rod	Stainless steel (M8~M27)\S45C (M33~M42)
4	Front cover	Brass (M8)\ Cutting steel (Others)
5	Front cover gasket	NBR
6	Front cover gasket	NBR
7	O-ring	NBR
8	Correcting body	Brass
9	Nut	SS41
10	Accumulator	Foamex
11	Piston	Brass
12	Spring serat	Spring steel
13	Copper bush	Brass
14	Body	Cutting steel
15	Inlet body	No (M8)\Cutting steel (M10~M14)\Seamless steel tube(M20~M42)
16	Spring	SWPB
17	Ball	Gcr15
18	O-ring	NBR
19	Set screw	Low alloy steel
20	Set screw	Low alloy steel
21	Back cover	Brass
22	Screw	Low alloy steel
23	Knob	Aluminum alloy



Shock absorber



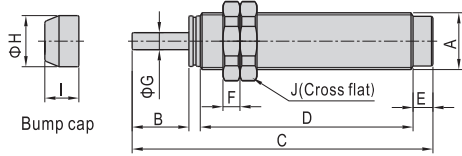
Shock absorber



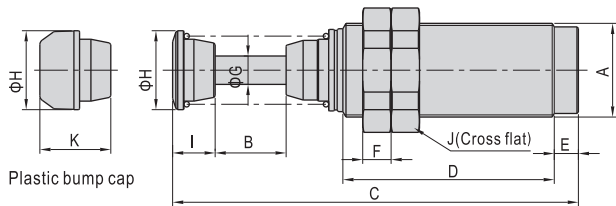
ACA, ACJ Series

Dimensions

ACA

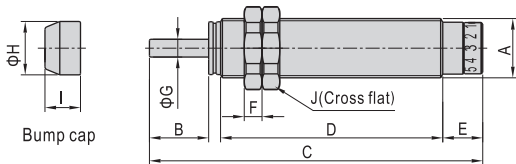


Model\Item	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
ACA0806	M8×1.0	6	44	30	5	4	3	6.5	6	11
ACA1007	M10×1.0	7	55	40	5	4	3	8.5	7	14
ACA1210	M12×1.0	10	60	41.5	5	4	3	8.5	7	17
ACA1412	M14×1.5	12	78	57.5	5	6	4	12	12	19
ACA2020	M20×1.5	20	106	75	7	6	6	18	12	26
ACA2040	M20×1.5	40	161	110	7	6	6	18	12	26
ACA2525	M25×1.5	25	119	81	8	6	6	18	12	32
ACA2550	M25×1.5	50	179	116	8	6	6	18	12	32
ACA2725	M27×1.5	25	125	87	8	6	8	23	15	36
ACA2750	M27×1.5	50	190	127	8	6	8	23	15	36

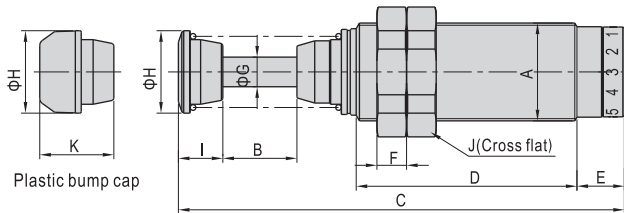


Model\Item	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
ACA3325	M33×1.5	25	143	74.5	8.5	10	10	27.8	15	41	25
ACA3350	M33×1.5	50	208	114.5	8.5	10	10	27.8	15	41	25
ACA3625	M36×1.5	25	143	74.5	8.5	10	10	27.8	15	46	25
ACA3650	M36×1.5	50	208	114.5	8.5	10	10	27.8	15	46	25

ACJ



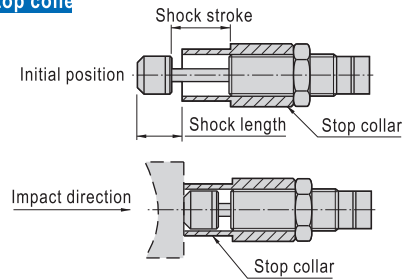
Model\Item	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
ACJ1007	M10×1.0	7	65	44	11	4	3	8.5	7	14
ACJ1210	M12×1.0	10	71	46	11	4	3	8.5	7	17
ACJ1412	M14×1.5	12	88	61	11.5	6	4	12	12	19
ACJ2020	M20×1.5	20	118	80.5	13.5	6	6	18	12	26
ACJ2525	M25×1.5	25	128	83.7	14.5	6	6	18	12	32
ACJ2550	M25×1.5	50	188	118.7	14.5	6	6	18	12	32
ACJ2725	M27×1.5	25	135	90.2	14.5	6	8	23	15	36
ACJ2750	M27×1.5	50	200	130.2	14.5	6	8	23	15	36



Model\Item	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
ACJ3325	M33×1.5	25	150.5	74.5	16	10	10	27.8	15	41	25
ACJ3350	M33×1.5	50	215.5	114.5	16	10	10	27.8	15	41	25
ACJ3625	M36×1.5	25	150.5	74.5	16	10	10	27.8	15	46	25
ACJ3650	M36×1.5	50	215.5	114.5	16	10	10	27.8	15	46	25
ACJ4225	M42×1.5	25	157	79	16	12	12	34.8	15	50	25
ACJ4250	M42×1.5	50	222	119	16	12	12	34.8	15	50	25
ACJ4275	M42×1.5	75	287	159	16	12	12	34.8	15	50	25

Accessories

How to set stop collar

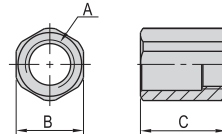


Ordering code

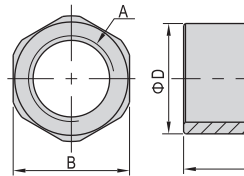
F-ACA 08-LM

Accessory	Accessories type
Model	Female thread size
	LM: Stop collar
	FA: Flange
	08: M8
	10: M10
	12: M12
	14: M14
	20: M20
	25: M25
	27: M27
	33: M33
	36: M36
	42: M42

Dimensions

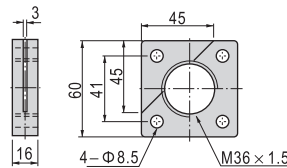


Model\Item	A	B	C
F-ACA08-LM	M8×1.0	11	14
F-ACA10-LM	M10×1.0	14	16
F-ACA12-LM	M12×1.0	17	20

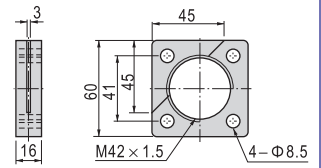


Model\Item	A	B	C	D
F-ACA14-LM	M14×1.5	19	27	18
F-ACA20-LM	M20×1.5	26	35	25
F-ACA25-LM	M25×1.5	32	45	31
F-ACA27-LM	M27×1.5	36	50	35
F-ACA33-LM	M33×1.5	41	80	40
F-ACA36-LM	M36×1.5	46	80	45

F-ACA36-FA



F-ACA42-FA



Selecting list

Model	Compatible absorber
F-ACA08-LM	ACA0806
F-ACA10-LM	ACA1007, ACJ1007
F-ACA12-LM	ACA1210, ACJ1210
F-ACA14-LM	ACA1412, ACJ1412
F-ACA20-LM	ACA2020, ACA2040, ACJ2020
F-ACA25-LM	ACA2525, ACA2550, ACJ2525, ACJ2550
F-ACA27-LM	ACA2725, ACA2750, ACJ2725, ACJ2750
F-ACA33-LM	ACA3325, ACA3350, ACJ3325, ACJ3350
F-ACA36-LM	ACA3625, ACA3650, ACJ3625, ACJ3650
F-ACA36-FA	ACA3625, ACA3650, ACJ3625, ACJ3650
F-ACA42-FA	ACJ4225, ACJ4250, ACJ4275



Shock absorber

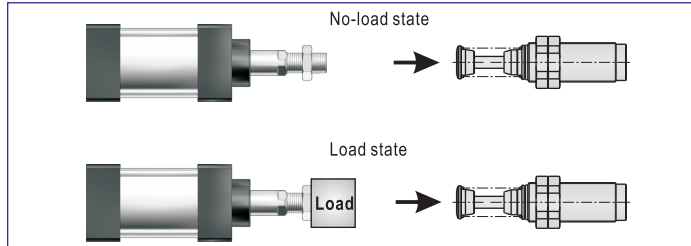


Shock absorber

ACA, ACJ Series



How to select



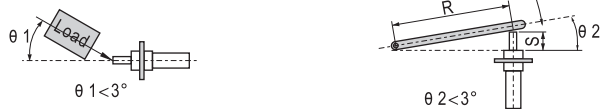
Theoretical energy parameter table for cylinders under no-load state Unit: J (N.m)

Shock stroke (mm)	6	7	10	12	20	25	40	50	
Bore size (mm)	6	0.102	0.119	0.170	0.203	0.339	0.424	0.678	0.848
	8	0.181	0.211	0.301	0.362	0.603	0.754	1.21	1.51
	10	0.283	0.330	0.471	0.565	0.942	1.18	1.88	2.36
	12	0.407	0.475	0.678	0.814	1.36	1.70	2.71	3.39
	16	0.723	0.844	1.21	1.45	2.41	3.01	4.82	6.03
	20	1.13	1.32	1.88	2.26	3.77	4.71	7.54	9.42
	25	1.77	2.06	2.94	3.53	5.89	7.36	11.8	14.7
	32	2.89	3.38	4.82	5.79	9.65	12.1	19.3	24.1
	40	4.52	5.28	7.54	9.04	15.1	18.8	30.1	37.7
	50	7.07	8.24	11.8	14.1	23.6	29.4	47.1	58.9
	63	11.2	13.1	18.7	22.4	37.4	46.7	74.8	93.5
	80	18.1	21.1	30.1	36.2	60.3	75.4	120.6	150.7
	100	28.3	33.0	47.1	56.5	94.2	117.8	188.4	235.5
	125	44.2	51.5	73.6	88.3	147.2	184.0	294.4	368.0
	160	72.3	84.4	120.6	144.7	241.2	301.4	482.3	602.9
	200	113.0	131.9	188.4	226.1	376.8	471.0	753.6	942.0
250	176.6	206.1	294.4	353.3	588.5	735.9	1177.5	1471.9	
320	289.4	337.6	482.3	578.8	964.6	1205.8	1929.2	2411.5	

For example:
When the pressure is 0.6MPa, bore size of φ40 under no-load state plus shock stroke of 12mm can produce energy of 9.04 N.m. Refer to the specification table, you will find ACA1412 fits.
Note: Cylinders under full-load state can produce as twice as the energy shown above.

Installation and Operation

- The scale range of adjustable shock absorbers is 0 to 9 (8). Factory set is at 6 (4) position. 0 means the softest, while 9 means the hardest;
- Correct selection of shock absorbers can ensure a smooth deceleration and good shock-absorbing properties;
- If there exists rebounding at the beginning of the stroke, it shows the effective weight is too high. In this case, self-compensation type shall be replaced by high speed type (-1), while adjustable type shall be adjusted to softer, that is closer to 0;
- If there exists rebounding at the end of the stroke, it shows the effective weight is too low. In this case, self-compensation type shall be replaced by low speed type (-2), while adjustable type shall be adjusted to harder, that is closer to 9;
- In the work process, lateral load should be avoided as possible as one can. Eccentric angle must be controlled within 3°. Shock absorbers shall be securely locked;



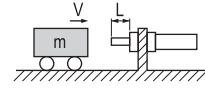
- The operating temperature range shall be -10 to 80°C;
- To extend the service life, piston shall be stopped 1mm before reaching the end. It is better to install set screw with positioning and precise adjustment;
- If two or more shock absorbers are installed at the same side, please make sure that they act synchronously;
- No painting, welding or cleaning with corrosive substance on the body as well as the piston rod.
- When installed the absorber, the moment forced on absorber can't be out of the range given in below list or may cause the absorber damage.

Compatible absorber	Male thread Spec (of body)	Max. Assembly Force on Absorber(N.m)
ACA0806	M8 × 1.0	2.0
ACA1007, ACJ1007	M10 × 1.0	3.5
ACA1210, ACJ1210	M12 × 1.0	8.0
ACA1412, ACJ1412	M14 × 1.5	11.0
ACA2020, ACA2040, ACJ2020	M20 × 1.5	24.0
ACA2525, ACA2550, ACJ2525, ACJ2550	M25 × 1.5	40.0
ACA2725, ACA2750, ACJ2725, ACJ2750	M27 × 1.5	63.0

Calculation of energy under load state

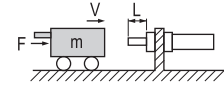
Horizontal impact

① Horizontal impact



Impact weight (kg): m
Impact speed (m/s): v
Kinetic energy (J(N.m)): $E1 = \frac{m \times v^2}{2}$
Propelling energy(J(N.m)): $E2 = 0$
Gross energy (J(N.m)): $E = E1 + E2$

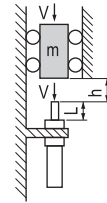
② Horizontal impact with cylinder thrust



Impact weight (kg): m
Impact speed (m/s): v
Kinetic energy (J(N.m)): $E1 = \frac{m \times v^2}{2}$
Propelling energy(J(N.m)): $E2 = F \times L$
Gross energy (J(N.m)): $E = E1 + E2$

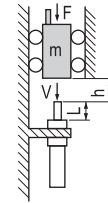
Vertical impact

① Free fall



Impact weight (kg): m
Impact speed (m/s): v
Kinetic energy (J(N.m)): $E1 = m \times g \times h$
Propelling energy(J(N.m)): $E2 = m \times g \times L$
Gross energy (J(N.m)): $E = E1 + E2$

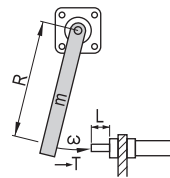
② Push-down by cylinder



Impact weight (kg): m
Impact speed (m/s): v
Kinetic energy (J(N.m)): $E1 = \frac{m \times v^2}{2}$
Propelling energy(J(N.m)): $E2 = (mg + F) \times L$
Gross energy (J(N.m)): $E = E1 + E2$

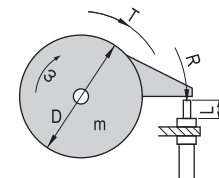
Rotation impact

① Rocker



Impact weight (kg): m
Impact speed (m/s): $v = R \times \omega$
Kinetic energy (J(N.m)): $E1 = \frac{I \times \omega^2}{2}$
Propelling energy(J(N.m)): $E2 = \frac{T \times L}{R}$
Gross energy (J(N.m)): $E = E1 + E2$

② Rotation



Impact weight (kg): m
Impact speed (m/s): $v = R \times \omega$
Kinetic energy (J(N.m)): $E1 = \frac{I \times \omega^2}{2}$
Propelling energy(J(N.m)): $E2 = \frac{T \times L}{R}$
Gross energy (J(N.m)): $E = E1 + E2$

Code explanation

Code	Explanation	Unit	Code	Explanation	Unit
m	Impact weight	kg	L	Shock stroke	m
V	Impact speed	m/s	h	Height	m
E	Gross energy	J(N.m)	T	Torque	N.m
E1	Kinetic energy(Potential energy)	J(N.m)	N	Round per Minute	rpm
E2	Propelling energy	J(N.m)	R	Distance from rotation center to impact point	m
g	Gravity acceleration	9.8(m/s ²)	I	Moment of Inertia (I=mr ² /2)	kg × m ²
F	Thrust((π × D ² × P)/4)	N	ω	Angular velocity (ω=2πN/60) (90° =1.57rad/s)	rad/s
D	Nore size	mm			
P	Air pressure	MPa			



Shock absorber

